## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The listing of claims below replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying a sequence of shots into a dynamic scene with much motion or a static scene with little motion, where [[a]] the dynamic scene and the static scene is composed of one or more continuous respectively include a plurality of continuous shots and are thus a larger unit than a shot, for classifying a sequence of shots into a certain type of scene, whose number is smaller than a total number of shots, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a calculator for calculating shot density DS of the video from the respective <u>segmented</u> shots;

a calculator for calculating motion intensity of the respective segmented shots; and

a dynamic/static scene classifier for classifying the respective the sequence of shots into [[a]] the dynamic scene with much motions motion or [[a]] the static scene with little motions motion based on the shot density and the motion intensity of the respective segmented shots.

2. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 1, wherein the dynamic/static scene classifier classifies a sequence of shots whose shot density is larger than first reference density and whose motion intensity is stronger than first reference intensity into the dynamic scene.

3. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1, wherein the dynamic/static scene detector classifies a shot whose shot density is smaller than

second reference density and whose motion intensity is weaker than second reference intensity

into the static scene.

4. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying each a

sequence of shots into a slow scene, where the slow scene composed of at least one includes a

plurality of continuous shot based on a content of the scene and is thus a larger unit than a shot,

comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

an extractor for extracting shots from the respective segmented shots a shot similar to a

current target shot from shots after a shot before the current target shot only by a predetermined

interval; and

a slow scene detector for classifying the target shot into a slow scene of the similar shot

similar to the current target shot based on motion intensity of the current target shot and the

similar shot similar to the current target shot.

5. (Currently Amended) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 4,

wherein the slow scene detector classifies the target shot into the slow scene of the similar shot

similar to the current target shot when the motion intensity of the similar shot similar to the

current target shot is stronger than the motion intensity of the <u>current</u> target shot.

6. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 4 or 5, further comprising a first highlight scene detector for classifying a scene composed of a plurality of shots continued just before the slow scene into a first highlight scene.

7. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 6, further comprising:

detector for detecting intensity of an audio signal accompanied by the video into shot; and a second highlight scene detector for classifying a scene composed of a plurality of shots continued before and after a shot with the audio signal intensity stronger than the predetermined intensity into a second highlight scene,

wherein the scene classified into the first highlight scene and the second highlight scene is classified into the highlight scene.

8. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 7, further comprising:

a commercial scene detector for classifying the respective shots into a commercial scene, wherein a scene classified into a scene other than the first highlight scene, the second highlight scene and the commercial scene is classified into the highlight scene.

9. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying each a sequence of shots into a scene composed of at least one in which a camera operation has been

Application No.: 10/670,245 Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111

Art Unit: 2621 Attorney Docket No.: 031198

performed, where the scene in which the camera operation has been performed includes a

plurality of continuous shot based on a content of the scene shots and is thus a larger unit than a

shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a detector for detecting a histogram relating to motion directions of the respective

segmented shots; and

a detector for detecting [[a]] the scene in which [[a]] the camera operation has been

performed based on the histogram of motion direction.

10. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 9, further

comprising a zooming scene detector for, when the histogram of motion direction is uniform and

a number of elements of respective bins is larger than a reference number of elements, classifying

its shot into a zooming scene.

11. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 9, further

including:

detector for detecting spatial distribution of motion of each shot; and

a panning scene detector for detecting whether the respective shots are a panning scene

based on the histogram of motion direction and the spatial distribution of motion.

- 5 -

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111 Attorney Docket No.: 031198

Application No.: 10/670,245 Art Unit: 2621

12. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 11, wherein

when the histogram of motion direction is concentrated in one direction and the spatial

distribution of motion is uniform, the panning scene detector classifies the shot into the panning

scene.

13. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying each a

sequence of shots into a commercial scene composed of one or more, where the commercial

scene includes a plurality of continuous shots based on a content of the scene and is thus a larger

unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a detector for detecting a shot density DS of the video; and

a commercial scene detector for detecting [[a]] the commercial scene by comparing a shot

density detected during a predetermined interval with a predetermined reference shot density.

14. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for classifying each a

sequence of shots into a commercial scene composed of one or more, where the commercial

scene includes a plurality of continuous shots based on a content of the scene and is thus a larger

unit than a shot, comprising:

a shot segmentation device to segment the video into respective shots;

a detector for detecting a number of shot boundaries of the video; and

a commercial scene detector for detecting [[a]] the commercial scene by comparing a

number of shot boundaries detected during a predetermined interval with a predetermined

reference number, and classifying the scene as the commercial scene in response to the

comparing indicating that the number of shot boundaries detected during the predetermined

interval is greater than the predetermined reference number.

15. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 1 or 4,

wherein the video are compressed data, and the motion intensity is detected by using a value of a

motion vector of a predictive coding image existing in each shot.

16. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 11, wherein

the video are compressed data, and the spatial distribution of motion is detected by using a value

of a motion vector of a predictive coding image existing in each shot.

17. (Original) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim 9, wherein

the video are compressed data, and the histogram of motion direction is detected by using a value

of a motion vector of a predictive coding image existing in each shot.

18. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1 or 4, wherein the video are uncompressed data, and the motion intensity is detected by using a

- 7 -

Application No.: 10/670,245

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111

Art Unit: 2621 Attorney Docket No.: 031198

value of a motion vector representing a change in motion predicted from a compared result of

frames composing the respective shots.

19. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1 or 4, wherein the video are uncompressed data, and the spatial distribution of motion is

detected by using a value of a motion vector representing a change in motion predicted from a

compared result of frames composing the respective shots.

20. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

1 or 4, wherein the video are uncompressed data, and the histogram of motion direction is

detected by using a value of a motion vector representing a change in motion predicted from a

compared result of frames composing the respective shots.

21. (Currently Amended) A scene classification apparatus of video for segmenting video

into shots and classifying each scene composed of one or more continuous shots based on a

content of the scene, comprising:

a detector for detecting a highlight scene;

extracting and combining means for extracting and combining a plurality of highlight

scenes; and

inserting means for inserting a video transition effect into a combined portion of the

respective highlight scenes, the inserting means including a dynamic/static scene detector to

- 8 -

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111 Application No.: 10/670,245 Art Unit: 2621

Attorney Docket No.: 031198

detect whether a highlight scene is a dynamic scene with much motion or a static scene with little

motion,

wherein the inserting means makes a type of the video transition effect to be inserted

different according to whether the highlight scenes to be combined are the dynamic scene or the

static scene.

22. (Previously Presented) The scene classification apparatus of video according to claim

21, wherein when the highlight scene is the dynamic scene, the video transition effect with small

change in an image mixing ratio is inserted therein, and when the highlight scene is the static

scene, the video transition effect with large change in the image mixing ratio is inserted therein.

-9-